

Illustration by Jeanne R. Janish, From 'Vascular Plants of the Pacific Northwest'

CASTILLEJA CERVINA DEER INDIAN PAINTBRUSH

Deer Indian Paintbrush is a hemiparasitic perennial, with clustered, erect, branched stems that are 30-60 cm high and which arise from a branched rootcrown. The lower leaves are linear and entire-margined, while the upper leaves have a pair of spreading lobes. Foliage is glabrous or has minute, curled hairs. Flowers are borne in a spike at the top of the stems. Each flower is subtended by a 3-5-lobed leaf-like bract, which is broader than the leaves with yellowish tips. The yellow, tubular corolla is 18-25 mm long and tapers to the galea above and to 3 small lobes below. The tubular calyx is 15-20 mm long, surrounds the corolla and is cleft more deeply below than above; each of the lateral lobes divide again into 2 pointed lobes that are 2-3 mm long. The fruit is a capsule with many tiny seeds. Flowering and fruiting in July.

Among yellow-flowered CASTILLEJA in our area, C. PALLESCENS and C. CUSICKII have glandular hairs on the galea, but C. CERVINA does not. C. RUSTICA and C. LUTESCENS have calyces that are divided equally above and below. C. FLAVA has foliage with longer, straight hairs. A hand lens and technical key are needed for positive identification.